Urban Revival

The "peregrine" in peregrine falcons' name means traveler or wanderer, and these birds nearly wandered out of existence in the middle of the 20th century. They were never as numerous as other birds of prey, and after DDT and other pesticides nearly wiped out the species over several decades, the population was estimated at 12 percent of its original number. All of these birds in the eastern United States disappeared.

Another problem was the natural hunting behaviors of peregrine falcons. They nest high on cliffs and drop down to pick off smaller birds. But people like to build homes and other buildings high on cliffs—ones that used to belong to peregrine falcons.

Existing federal protection of peregrine falcons and their habitats increased significantly after the species was placed on the Endangered Species List. Scientists and volunteers began collaborating to staff breeding facilities for these birds, and falconers even offered birds for breeding purposes. Many urban residents now make nest boxes for peregrine falcons on skyscrapers in cities, where a plentifu supply of pigeons makes a great food source for these birds of prey.

Since 1999, peregrine falcons have been off the federal list of endangered species, but many states have their own laws protecting these birds.

You Can Help!

Try poison-free rodent control around your house.

Rat poisons are risky to falcons and other wildlife, as well as pets. Peppermint oil is an all-natural prevention for rodents.

